

Fixed-point exam. March, 24, 2022

Teacher : Philippe Bich. Durée : 2H from 15H30 to 17H30. No documents, no electronic devices

Exercise 1

Let $f : \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^2$ defined by

$$f(x, y) = \left(\frac{e^x}{1+x^2} - 6y, x + \cos(xy) \right)$$

Prove there exists at least one element $(x, y) \in \mathbf{R}^2$ such that $f(x, y) = (0, 0)$.

(Hint : you can use the mapping $g(x, y) = (-6y, x)$.)

Exercise 2 a) Let $X = \{(x, \sqrt{x}) : x \in [0, 1]\}$. Is X convex? Let $f : X \rightarrow X$ continuous. Does there exist $(x, y) \in X$ such that $f(x, y) = (x, y)$? (prove the general case if yes, find a counterexample if no). b) Let $X = \{(x, \sqrt{x}) : x \in [0, +\infty[\}$. Let $f : X \rightarrow X$ continuous. Does there always exist $(x, y) \in X$ such that $f(x, y) = (x, y)$? (prove the general case if yes, find a counterexample if no).

Exercise 3 Let $X = \{(x, y) \in [-1, 1] \times [-1, 0] : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\} \cup \{0\} \times [0, 1]$. Represent X graphically (union of a half disk and a segment). Let $f : X \rightarrow X$ continuous. Prove there exists $(x, y) \in X$ such that $f(x, y) = (x, y)$. (a detailed argument without explicit (i.e. non graphical) construction will give half points).

Exercise 4 Recall Sperner Lemma and its proof.

Exercise 5 Recall the proof of : "If a correspondence Φ from C to C , a convex and compact subset of \mathbf{R}^n has open pre-images and is irreflexive (i.e. $x \notin \text{co}\Phi(x)$ for every $x \in C$) then Φ admits a maximal element (i.e. there exists $x \in C$ such that $\Phi(x) = \emptyset$.)"

Exercise 6 Give the proof of Brouwer theorem which uses topological degree.